

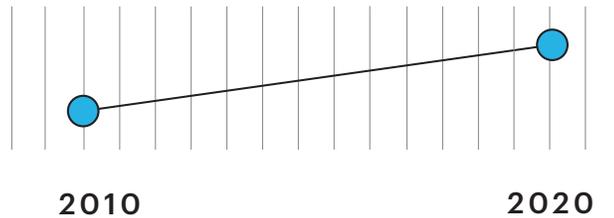
HIGH SCHOOL & THE FUTURE OF WORK

State Data Sheet GEORGIA

EMPLOYMENT IN GEORGIA IS GROWING.

4.2
MILLION

5.1
MILLION



JOB REQUIREMENTS ARE CHANGING.

IN 2014-15

68%

of job postings required an associate's degree or higher

GEORGIA HIGH SCHOOLS MUST STEP UP.

TOO MANY STUDENTS DROP OUT:

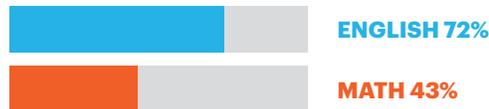
1 IN 5
STUDENTS

1 IN 4
LATINO STUDENTS

DO NOT GRADUATE WITH THEIR CLASS

TOO FEW GRADUATE COLLEGE-READY:

All students



Black students



MOST GRADUATES GO ON TO COLLEGE:

2/3



of graduates enroll in some form of postsecondary education

BUT MANY REQUIRE REMEDIAL COURSES:



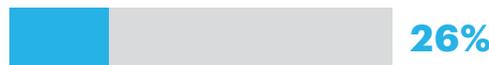
need remediation in math



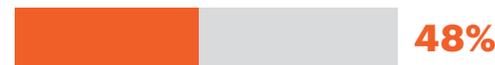
need remediation in English

AND TOO FEW FRESHMEN COMPLETE DEGREES:

Students in 2-year colleges



Students in 4-year colleges



THIS LEAVES GEORGIA'S ADULT WORKFORCE FAR SHORT OF WHAT'S NEEDED TO BE COMPETITIVE.

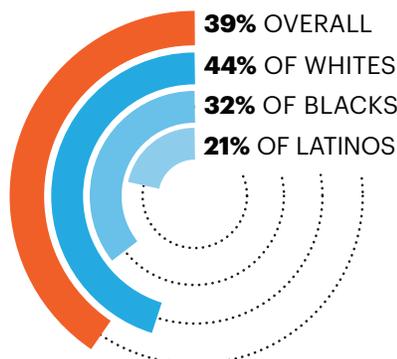
IN 2014-15

68%

of job postings required an associate's degree or higher

BUT ONLY 39%

of adults have an associate's degree or higher



And remember:

Degrees alone don't guarantee that workers have the other skills—the team work, the analysis, the problem-solving—that are so necessary in today's and tomorrow's economy.

For detailed source information on Georgia's data, visit: xqsuperschool.org/future